WE CLAIM:

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- 1. An analytical element for the determination of acetaminophen in an aqueous fluid comprising a support having thereon at least one reagent layer and containing in said reagent layer:
 - (a) an arylacylamidase enzyme;
- (b) an oxidizing agent selected from the group consisting of an
 10 enzyme and a ferricyanide capable of oxidatively coupling paraaminophenol
 to a coupling agent to form a color compound; and
 - (c) a water-soluble, color-forming, coupling agent of the general structure:

 $\begin{array}{c|c} R_2 & R_1 \\ \hline & N-R_6 \\ \hline & R_3 & R_4 \end{array}$

wherein R is a water-solubilizing group selected from -(CH₂)nX where n is 1 to 5 and X is -SO₃M where M is hydrogen, an alkali metal, an alkaline earth metal or an ammonium (NH₄+) cation, or -N(R₇)₃+Z- where each R₇ is independently selected from alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and Z is an acid anion; or X is (-OCH₂CH₂)_yOH where y is 2 to 5;

R₁ and R₆ are taken together to represent an ethylene, trimethylene, or tetramethylene group which forms a partially saturated ring;

R₂, R₃, and R₄ are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and alkoxy of 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

2. An analytical element of <u>claim 1 for</u> the determination of acetaminophen in an aqueous fluid comprising a support having thereon at least one reagent layer and containing in said reagent layer:

- The element of claim & further containing maleimide. 8.
- A multilayer analytical element of claim 1 for the determination of acetaminophen in an aqueous fluid comprising a support having thereon, in order from said support and in fluid contact:
- one or more layers having therein an arylacylamidase enzyme; a (a) ferricyanide capable of oxidatively coupling paraaminophenol to a colorforming coupler to form a color compound; and a water-soluble, color-forming coupling agent as defined in claim 1; and
 - a porous spreading layer. (b)
- 10. The element of claim\3 wherein the ferricyanide is a ferricyanide salt of an alkali metal. 15
 - 11. The element of claim 3 wherein the coupling agent is 1-(3-sulfopropyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline.
 - 12. The element of claim 3 further containing a buffer for maintaining the pH of the element in a range of about 6.5 to 8.5.
 - 13. The element of claim 3 further containing maleimide.
 - 14. A multilayer analytical element of claim 1 for the determination of acetaminophen in an aqueous fluid comprising a support having thereon, in order from said support a first and second reagent layer wherein:

the first reagent layer having therein 1-(3-sulfopropyl)-1,2,3,4tetrahydroquinoline; 30

the second reagent layer having therein ascorbic acid oxidase or a ferricyanide salt and arylacylamidase; and

a porous spreading laye

. The element of claim 14/further containing maleimide.

The element of claim 15 wherein the maleimide is in the spreading layer.

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- (a) an arylacylamidase enzyme;
- (b) an oxidizing enzyme capable of oxidatively coupling paraaminophenol to a coupling agent to form a color compound; and
- 5 (c) a water-soluble, color-forming, coupling agent of the general structure:

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_2 \\
R_3
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_1 \\
R_4
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_1 \\
R_4
\end{array}$$

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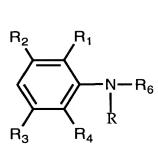
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wherein R is a water-solubilizing group selected from -(CH₂)nX where n is 1 to 5 and X is -SO₃M where M is hydrogen, an alkali metal, an alkaline earth metal or an ammonium (NH₄+) cation, or -N(R₇)₃+Z- where each R₇ is independently selected from alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and Z is an acid anion; or X is (-OCH₂CH₂)_yOH where y is 2 to 5;

R₁ and R₆ are taken together to represent an ethylene, trimethylene, or tetramethylene group which forms a partially saturated ring;

- 20 R₂, R₃, and R₄ are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and alkoxy of 1 to 4 carbon atoms.
 - 3. An analytical of element of <u>claim 1 for</u> the determination of acetaminophen in an aqueous fluid comprising a support having thereon at least one reagent layer and containing in said reagent layer:
 - (a) an arylacylamidase enzyme;
- (b) a ferricyanide capable of oxidatively coupling paraaminophenol to a coupling agent to form a color compound; and
 - (c) a water-soluble, color-forming, coupling agent of the general structure:



wherein R is a water solubilizing group selected from -(CH₂)nX where n is 1 to 5 and X is -SO₃M where M is hydrogen, an alkali metal, an alkaline earth metal or an ammonium (NH₄+) cation, or -N(R₇)₃+Z- where each R₇ is independently selected from alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and Z is an acid anion; or X is (-OCH₂CH₂)_VOH where y is 2 to 5;

R₁ and R₆ are taken together to represent an ethylene, trimethylene, or tetramethylene group which forms a partially saturated ring;

R2, R3, and R4 are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and alkoxy of 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

- 4. A multilayer analytical element of claim 1 for the determination of acetaminophen in an aqueous fluid comprising a support having thereon, in order from said support and in fluid contact:
- (a) one or more layers having therein an anylacylamidase enzyme; an oxidizing enzyme capable of oxidatively coupling paraaminophenol to a color-forming coupler to form a color compound; and a water-soluble, color-forming coupling agent as defined in claim 1; and
 - (b) a porous spreading layer.

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- 5. The element of <u>claim 2</u> wherein the oxidizing enzyme is selected from the group consisting of ascorbic acid oxidase, lactase, and tyrosinase.
- 6. The element of claim 2 wherein the coupling agent is 1-(3-sulfopropyl)30 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline.
 - 7. The element of claim 2 further containing a buffer for maintaining the pH of the element in a range of about 6.5 to about 8.5.

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17. A method for determining acetaminophen in an aqueous liquid comprising the steps of:

a. contacting a sample of the aqueous liquid with the analytical element of claim 1, 2, 3, or 14; and

b.correlating the amount of color compoound formed to the concentration of acetaminophen in the fluid.